## § 13.430

tax returns, and the location of registration to vote.

(2) Any person authorized to engage in subsistence uses in a national park or monument by a subsistence permit issued pursuant to §13.440.

Resident zone. As used in this part, the term "resident zone" shall mean the area within, and the communities and areas near, a national park or monument in which persons who have customarily and traditionally engaged in subsistence uses within the national park or monument permanently reside. The communities and areas near a national park or monument included as a part of its resident zone shall be determined pursuant to §13.430 and listed for each national park or monument in the applicable special regulations of this part.

Subsistence uses. As used in this part, the term "subsistence uses" shall mean the customary and traditional uses by rural Alaska residents of wild, renewable resources for direct personal or family consumption as food, shelter, fuel, clothing, tools or transportation; for the making and selling of handicraft articles out of nonedible byproducts of fish and wildlife resources taken for personal or family consumption; for barter or sharing for personal or family consumption; and for customary trade. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term—

(1) "Family" shall mean all persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption, or any person living within the household on a permanent basis; and

- (2) "Barter" shall mean the exchange of fish or wildlife or their parts taken for subsistence uses—
- (i) For other fish or game or their parts; or
- (ii) For other food or for nonedible items other than money if the exchange is of a limited and noncommercial nature; and
- (3) "Customary trade" shall be limited to the exchange of furs for cash (and such other activities as may be designated for a specific park area in the applicable special regulations of this part).

## § 13.430 Determination of resident zones.

(a) A resident zone shall include—

- (1) The area within a national park or monument; and
- (2) The communities and areas near a national park or monument which contain significant concentrations of rural residents who, without using aircraft as a means of access for purposes of taking fish or wildlife for subsistence uses (except in extraordinary cases where no reasonable alternative existed), have customarily and traditionally engaged in subsistence uses within a national park or monument. For purposes of determining "significant" concentrations, family members shall also be included.
- (b) After notice and comment, including public hearing in the affected local vicinity, a community or area near a national park or monument may be—
  - (1) Added to a resident zone; or
- (2) Deleted from a resident zone, when such community or area does or does not meet the criteria set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, as appropriate.
- (c) For purposes of this section, the term "family" shall mean all persons living within a rural resident's household on a permanent basis.

## §13.440 Subsistence permits for persons whose primary, permanent home is outside a resident zone.

- (a) Any rural resident whose primary, permanent home is outside the boundaries of a resident zone of a national park or monument may apply to the appropriate Superintendent pursuant to the procedures set forth in §13.495 for a subsistence permit authorizing the permit applicant to engage in subsistence uses within the national park or monument. The Superintendent shall grant the permit if the permit applicant demonstrates that,
- (1) Without using aircraft as a means of access for purposes of taking fish and wildlife for subsistence uses, the applicant has (or is a member of a family which has) customarily and traditionally engaged in subsistence uses within a national park or monument;
- (2) The applicant is a local rural resident within a resident zone for another national park or monument, or meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(1) of this section for another national park